

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

## CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY (36) TECHNOLOGY OF INTERMEDIATE & COLORANTS SUBJECT CODE: 2153604 B.E. 5<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER

**Type of Course:** Chemical Technology

**Prerequisite:** Studied subject DP-03 (Technology of Intermediates & Colorants) Basic knowledge of Technology.

**Rationale:** The main objective of this subject is to study the basic Technology applied in synthesis & unit operations of various types of dyes in chemical industries. This subject provides fundamental knowledge of various types of dyes and how to carry out synthesis & unit operations of these dyes in chemical industries

### Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme			Credits C	Examination Marks						Total Marks
L	T	P		Theory Marks			Practical Marks			
			ESE (E)	PA (M)		ESE (V)		PA (I)		
PA	ALA	ESE		OEP						
3	0	3	6	70	20	10	20	10	20	150

### Content:

Sr. No.	Topic	Teaching Hours	Module Weightage (%)
01.	Unit operations in dyestuff industry: Heating & cooling media, Materials of construction, pressure reactors. Pressure reactions – Engineering Aspects. Pressure vessels, their Design & Material of Construction.	08	16
02	Technology Involving Unit Processes: Nitration, sulphonation, reduction, halogenations. Hydrogenation reaction, ammonolysis, aminolysis, hydroxylation, Friedel Craft's reactions & other commonly used processes..	08	16
03	Aspects of Unit Operations: Acidity functions. Safer methods of nitration's, sulphonation, chlorosulphonations, Friedel Craft's reactions. Some aspects of unit operations like evaporation, distillation, filtration, drying & transportation of materials in dyestuff industry, agitation systems & particle size reduction.	12	24
04	Manufacturing of raw materials: such as phenol, aniline, 2-naphthol, anthraquinone & its derivative, BON acid, phthalic anhydride, naphthol sulphonic acids, naphthylamine sulphonic acids, aminonaphthol sulphonic acids. Manufacturing of some important solvents used in dyestuffs & pigments industry.	12	24
5	Technology involved in the production of dyes: Azo, acid, direct, reactive, mental – complex dyes, azoic components, basic dyes, typical fluorescent whiteners. Principles in isomer separations. Continuous versus batch &	10	20

semi-batch operations with examples.		
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**Suggested Specification table with Marks (Theory):**

Distribution of Theory Marks					
R Level	U Level	A Level	N Level	E Level	C Level
60%	12.2%	12.6%	7.6%	7.6%	-

**Reference Books:**

- 1) Unit Processes in Organic Synthesis by Groggins P.H - Mc Graw Hill, 2001
- 2) Chemical Process Industry by Joseph A Brink & R N Shrieves - Mc Graw Hill, 1984
- 3) Fundamental Processes of Dye Chemistry by Fierz, David - Blangey, Interscience Publishers, 1955.
- 4) Industrial Organic Chemistry by Weissermal K, and Arpe H.J. - John Wiley, 1997.
- 5) Organic Synthesis by Smith M.B - Tata McGraw Hill, New York - 2nd Ed., 2004.
- 6) Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes by Lubs H.A., Robert E Krieger - Company New York, 1995.
- 7) Organic Chemistry by Clayden, Greeves, Warren - Oxford Univ. Press, 2001.
- 8) Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes by Lubs H.A., - Robert E Krieger Publishing Company New York - 1st Ed.1995
- 9) Color Chemistry: Syntheses, Properties and Applications of Organic Dyes and Pigments by Heinrich Zollinger - Wiley-VCH - 2nd Ed, 1991.

**Course Outcome:** After learning this course the students can:

1. To get an introductory knowledge of unit operations in dyes.
2. To know the unit operations, unit processes, production technology.
3. To be able to apply this knowledge in dyes & pigments industries.
4. To build a bridge between theoretical and practical concept used in industry

**List of Experiments:**

1. Synthesis of Schiff's Base from aniline.
2. Synthesis of Schiff's Base from para-chloroaniline.
3. To estimate the amount of para-chloroaniline in the given solution.
4. To estimate the amount of sulfanilic acid in the given solution.
5. To estimate the amount ortho-nitro aniline in the given solution.
6. To estimate the amount of meta-nitro aniline in the given solution.
7. To estimate the amount of para-nitro aniline in the given solution.
8. Synthesis of Magneson-I.
9. Synthesis of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene.
10. Synthesis of p-aminobenzene from nitrobenzene.

**Design based Problems (DP)/Open Ended Problem:**

Application and utility of NITRATION as unit process in Chemical Technology.

**List of Open Source Software/learning website:**

- 1) Literature available on internet
- 2) Dyes & Pigments dictionaries
- 3) Delnet

- 4) Literature available under R&D in Dyes & Pigment industry.
- 5) Dyes & Pigments Tech. journals

**ACTIVE LEARNING ASSIGNMENTS:** Preparation of power-point slides, which include videos, animations, pictures, graphics for better understanding theory and practical work – The faculty will allocate chapters/ parts of chapters to groups of students so that the entire syllabus to be covered. The power-point slides should be put up on the web-site of the College/ Institute, along with the names of the students of the group, the name of the faculty, Department and College on the first slide. The best three works should submit to GTU.